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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/053,318	01/18/2002	Joseph P. Hickey	KEN-015	3657
36822 75	590 02/23/2006		EXAMINER	
GORDON & JACOBSON, P.C. 60 LONG RIDGE ROAD			JUNTIMA, NITTAYA	
SUITE 407	OL KOAD		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
STAMFORD,	CT 06902		2663	

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
0.65	10/053,318	HICKEY, JOSEPH	P.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Nittaya Juntima	2663	•			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence add	ress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNI 16(a). In no event, however, may a fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this con BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 Ja	nuary 2002.					
	action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under E		and the second s				
		* : * *				
Disposition of Claims	·					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6-8,13-15 and 18-20</u> is/are rejecte	ed.					
7) Claim(s) <u>4-5,9-12,16-17 and 21-24</u> is/are object	ted to.	•				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Annication Demons	; · · ·					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	•					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 January 2002</u> is/are: a) $\Box$ accepted or b) $⊠$ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	•	•				
11)⊠ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PT	<b>D-152</b> .			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 25 LLC C	\$ 110(a) (d) or (f)	•			
	priority under 35 0.5.C.	9 119(a)-(u) or (i).	$\mathcal{H}_{\mathcal{L}}$			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received					
<ul><li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li><li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents</li></ul>	·	Annlication No.				
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application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	•	t received				
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Attachment(s)		The state of the				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date	450)			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO	·152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>4/15/02</u> . 6)						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

# **Priority**

- 1. Applicant's claim for the benefit of a prior-filed application under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) or under 35 U.S.C. 120, 121, or 365(c) is acknowledged. Applicant has not complied with one or more conditions for receiving the benefit of an earlier filing date under 35 U.S.C. [1] as follows:
- i) Copendency between the current application and the prior application is required. Since the applications are not copending, the benefit claim to the prior-filed nonprovisional application is improper. Applicant is required to delete the reference to the prior-filed application from the first sentence(s) of the specification, or the application data sheet, depending on where the reference was originally submitted, unless applicant can establish copendency between the applications.
- ii) Even copendency between the applications can be established, the disclosure of the prior-filed application, Application No. 60/276,630, fails to provide adequate support or enablement in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112 for one or more claims of this application. There is a lack of support or enablement in the Application 60/276,630 for determining jitter buffer size which is the scope of this application. Accordingly, claims 1-24 are not entitled to the benefit of the prior application.

# Oath/Declaration

2. The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See

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MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because: a new oath or declaration without claiming for the benefit of a prior-filed application, Application No. 60/276,630, must be submitted.

# Drawings

The drawings are objected to because in Fig. 1, items 1 and 10 should be labeled as "an RTP packet device" and "an apparatus," respectively.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

### Claim Objections

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4. Claims 1, 6, 13, 18, 21, and 22 are objected to because of the following informalities:

- in claims 1, 6, 13, and 18, line 3, "RTP" should be spelled out as "Real-time Transport Protocol" to avoid any misinterpretation;

- in claim 21, line 2, "averages" should be changed to "the average network jitter;"
- in claim 22, line 3, "is" should be changed to "if."

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 2, 7, 14, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the expected local arrival time of the next packet which is defined as the local arrival time of the last packet plus the RTP timestamp difference (page 14, lines 11-13, 18-23), does not reasonably provide enablement for the claimed expected arrival time which is defined as the difference between the local clock and the time stamp of the present packet plus the timestamp difference of the last two packets (or in other words, the delay of the present packet plus the timestamp difference). The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. One skilled in the art would not be able to correlate the relationship of the local arrival time of the last packet as taught in the

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specification with the difference between the local clock and the time stamp of the present packet as recited in the claims.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 1, 3, 6, 8, 13, 15, 18, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohlsson et al. ("Ohlsson") (USPN 6,452,950 B1) in view of Raisanen (USPN 6,977,942 B2).

Regarding claims 1 and 13, Ohlsson teaches a method for determining jitter buffer size, comprising:

Determining the expected arrival time for the next packet (the expected arrival time  $Ta_n$  of the next packet where n = 2 is determined, col. 8, lines 11-26).

- c) Determining network jitter by comparing the expected arrival time for the next packet with the actual time for the next packet (an arrival time variance v for packet n where n = 2 is determined, col. 8, lines 31-36).
- d) Calculating jitter buffer size based on the determined network jitter (the size of the jitter buffer is determined from packet's variance v, col. 8, lines 49-52).

However, Ohlsson fails to explicitly teach a) comparing the RTO timestamps of two consecutive packets and b) basing the expected arrival time for the next packet on the comparison.

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Raisanen teaches that when using RTP protocol with packet with RTP timestamp, the expected arrival time for the next packet (the theoretic time of arrival of the packet that is object of calculation, i.e. the second packet) can be calculated by comparing the time stamps of the two consecutive packets (the time stamps of the first data packet and the second packet). See col. 4, lines 31-36.

Given the teaching of Raisanen, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the teaching of Ohlsson to include comparing the RTO timestamps of two consecutive packets and basing the expected arrival time for the next packet on the comparison as recited in the claim. The suggestion/motivation to do so would have been to utilize the timestamps to calculate the expected arrival time of a packet when RTP protocol is used as taught by Raisanen (col. 4, lines 31-36).

Regarding claims 3 and 15, Although Ohlsson further teaches that a number of network jitter values (variances) for the respective packets are determined and stored in the variance buffer for calculation of the size of the jitter buffer (col. 8, lines 37-52), the combined teaching of Ohlsson and Raisanen fails to teach repeating steps a) through c), determining the average network jitter, and recalculating jitter buffer size based on the determined average network jitter.

However, an official notice is taken that the concept and the advantages of taking an average value to calculate another value are well known and expected in the art. It would have been obvious to have included repeating steps a) through c), determining the average network jitter, and recalculating jitter buffer size based on the determined average network jitter in the combined teaching of Ohlsson and Raisanen as the average network jitter, which is calculated

over a number of packets, would provide a better and more accurate representation of the network jitter for use in calculation of jitter buffer size than just a single network jitter value.

Claim 6 is method claim similar to the method claim 1 and is rejected under the same reason set forth in the rejection of claim 1 with an additional step of e) adjusting the size of the jitter buffer to the calculated jitter buffer size (Ohlsson, col. 12, lines 23-25).

Claim 8 is a method claim similar to the method claim 3 and is rejected under the same reason set forth in the rejection of claim 1 with an additional step of i) readjusting the size of the jitter buffer to the recalculated jitter buffer size. Although Ohlsson fails to explicitly teach step i), Ohlsson teaches updating the jitter buffer size by adjusting the size of the jitter buffer to the calculated jitter buffer size (col. 12, lines 23-25). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the combined teaching of Ohlsson and Raisanen to include readjusting the size of the jitter buffer to the recalculated jitter buffer size such that the jitter buffer size would be updated to a new value.

Claims 18 and 20 are apparatus claims corresponding to method claims 6 and 20; respectively, and are rejected under the same reason set forth in the rejection of claims 6 and 20, respectively.

#### Allowable Subject Matter

8. Claims 4-5, 9-12, 16-17, and 21-24 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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#### Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- USPN 6,683,889 B1, disclosing apparatus and method for adaptive jitter buffers (Fig. 6 and col. 5, lines 23-41).
- USPN 6,917,589 B2, disclosing a method for calculation of the next arrival time of the next packet based on arrival timestamps (Fig. 3 and col. 5, lines 22-56).
- US 2004/0233931, disclosing method for calculation of jitter buffer depth using an arrival time interval of each packet pair (Fig. 1 and paragraphs 0036-0037).
- USPN 5,682, 384, disclosing a method for calculating a network jitter (Fig. 2 and col. 5, lines 19-46).
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nittaya Juntima whose telephone number is 571-272-3120. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 8:00 A.M 5:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Ngo can be reached on 571-272-3139. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nittaya Juntima February 15, 2006.

NX

HUY D. VU

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